

Shield Row Primary School



Behaviour Policy September 2025

Behaviour and Discipline

We have a duty under the School Standards and Framework Act 1998 to have in place a behaviour policy that is consistent throughout the school.

We believe that we promote good behaviour by creating a happy caring school environment where everyone feels valued, respected, secure and free from all forms of anti-social behaviour and discrimination.

We encourage pupils to achieve in a learning environment where self-discipline is promoted, good behaviour is the norm and children are equipped with the emotional literacy needed to respectfully articulate their thoughts and feelings. We believe pupils will achieve their full potential in a happy, stimulating and ordered school environment.

We wish to work closely with the School Council and to hear their views and opinions as we acknowledge and support Article 12 of the United Nations Convention on the Rights of the Child that children should be encouraged to form and to express their views.

We as a school community have a commitment to promote equality. Therefore, an equality impact assessment has been undertaken and we believe this policy is in line with the Equality Act 2010.

Safeguarding

At Shield Row Primary we believe in creating a whole school culture that is safe and inclusive. Our aims underpin the culture: principles of respect, understanding rights and responsibilities, fairness tolerance and understanding for all. Our code of conduct sets out key principles for the creation and maintenance of a safe school culture.

Our objectives are:

- To safeguard pupils and protect staff
- To make explicit expectations of performance and conduct
- To minimize the opportunities for abuse
- For all staff to have confidence to report concerns with full confidentiality
- For pupils to have the confidence and mechanisms to report concerns to staff with full confidentiality
- To respond promptly to concerns: we always investigate and address issues
- To exercise appropriate sanctions
- To create and maintain an ethos of mutual respect, openness and fairness

Aims of the policy

- To create an ethos that makes everyone in the school community feel valued and respected and develops a positive attitude towards self-worth.
- We respect and value all children and view the diversity of cultures, lifestyles and needs within school as a positive resource.
- To promote good behaviour by forging sound working relationships with everyone involved with the school.
- To promote self-discipline and proper regard for authority among pupils.

- To prevent all forms of bullying among pupils by encouraging good behaviour and respect for others and providing regular opportunities to discuss what bullying is and its impact.
- To develop self-regulation and resilience.
- To develop emotional literacy.
- To work with other schools to share good practice in order to improve this policy.

Responsibility for the Policy and Procedure

Role of the Governing Body

The Governing Body has:

- the duty to set the framework of the school's policy on pupil discipline after consultation with the parents and pupils of the school;
- responsibility to ensure that the school complies with this policy;
- delegated powers and responsibilities to the Headteacher to ensure that school personnel and pupils are aware of this policy;
- delegated powers and responsibilities to the Headteacher to ensure all visitors to the school are aware of and comply with this policy;
- the duty to support the Headteacher and school personnel in maintaining high standards of behaviour;
- responsibility for ensuring that the school complies with all equalities legislation;
- responsibility for ensuring funding is in place to support this policy;
- responsibility for ensuring this policy and all policies are maintained and updated regularly;
- responsibility for ensuring all policies are made available to parents;
- responsibility for the effective implementation, monitoring and evaluation of this policy
- Review Prejudice related incidents.

Role of the Head teacher

The Head teacher will:

- determine the detail of the standard of behaviour that is acceptable to the school
- ensure all school personnel, pupils and parents are aware of and comply with this policy
- work hard with everyone in the school community to create an ethos that makes everyone feel valued and respected
- promote good behaviour by forging sound working relationships with everyone involved with the school
- encourage good behaviour and respect for others, in order to prevent all forms of bullying among pupils
- ensure the health, safety and welfare of all children and staff in the school
- work closely with the link governor and coordinator
- provide leadership and vision in respect of equality
- oversee the work of the Behaviour & Pastoral Lead
- provide guidance, support and training to all staff
- monitor the effectiveness of this policy
- annually report to the Governing Body on the success and development of this policy

- Report to Governing Body the Prejudice related incidents termly
- Monitor Prejudice related incidents – looking for patterns and trends

Role of the Behaviour and Pastoral Lead

The Behaviour and Pastoral Lead will:

- lead the development of this policy throughout the school;
- work closely with the Headteacher and the governors;
- provide guidance and support to all staff;
- provide training for all staff on induction and when the need arises;
- keep up to date with new developments and resources;
- monitor school support systems;
- undertake classroom monitoring;
- ensure regular analysis of self-referrals to 'The Worry Box' is undertaken.
- create links with parents;
- deal with external agencies;
- review and monitor the implementation of the behaviour policy
- create a termly report for the Governing Body

Role of School Personnel

School personnel are expected to:

- comply with all aspects of this policy
- encourage good behaviour and respect for others in pupils;
- promote self-discipline amongst pupils;
- deal appropriately with any unacceptable behaviour;
- apply all rewards and sanctions fairly and consistently;
- discuss pupil behaviour and discipline regularly at staff meetings;
- provide well planned, interesting and demanding lessons which will contribute to maintaining good discipline;
- attend training on behaviour management;
- ensure the health and safety of the pupils in their care;
- proactively identify problems that may arise and offer solutions to the problem;
- implement the school's equalities policy and schemes;
- report and deal with all incidents of discrimination;
- attend appropriate training sessions on equality;
- report any concerns they have on any aspect of the school community

Role of Pupils

Pupils will:

- be aware of and comply with this policy
- be polite and well behaved at all times;
- show consideration to others;
- talk to others without shouting and will use language which is neither abusive nor offensive;
- listen carefully to all instructions given by the teacher;
- ask for further help if they do not understand;
- treat others, their work and equipment with respect;

- support the school Code of Conduct and guidance necessary to ensure the smooth running of the school;
- obey all health and safety regulations in all areas of the school;
- liaise with the school council make suggestions about improving school behaviour;
- take part in questionnaires and surveys
- undertake regular PSHCE activities to build knowledge

Role of Parents/Carers

Parents/carers are encouraged to:

- comply with this policy;
- have good relations with the school;
- support good behaviour;
- ensure their children understand and value the meaning of good behaviour;
- support school rules and sanctions
- be asked to take part periodic surveys conducted by the school;
- support the school Code of Conduct and guidance necessary to ensure smooth running of the school
- notify school of any circumstances where behaviour may be impacted by events at home
- seek help when behaviour at home may impact on behaviour at school

Role of the School Council

The School Council will be involved in:

- discussing improvements to this policy during the school year;
- devising school rules and sanctions;
- reviewing the effectiveness of this policy with the Governing Body

School Rules

The school rules have been developed to be meaningful to children. None are too difficult to understand. They are all designed to develop courtesy, good manners and mutual respect. They are to protect children from injury, to care for equipment and to maintain a hygienic, healthy environment.

Anti-social behaviour is not condoned. It is essential that parents and teachers work together through discussion and action on any problems which develop.

Our School Code of Conduct- The 'Good to be Green Code'

- We keep our hands, feet and unkind words to ourselves.
- We follow instructions given by an adult.
- We look after school property.
- We raise our hand if we wish to speak to the class teacher.
- We respect one another.
- We always try our best.
- Give Me 5 Listening code

When I am asked to 'give me five', I make sure:

- Eyes are watching
- Ears are listening
- Lips are closed
- Hands are empty
- Body is forward and still

These codes of conduct are displayed in classrooms and around the school so all pupils are aware of the expectations and for staff to promote.

4. We have specific rules being enforced on the grounds of health, welfare and safety.

a. Food and Drink

Children may bring fruit from home to eat at morning play. Other than fruit and packed lunches, no food of any kind should be brought into school unless on medical grounds including sweets, biscuits and drinks.

Reasons: Sweets and gum present choking hazards. Food and crumbs left around school would create a hazardous and unhygienic environment. High sugar, fizzy, high additive drinks are believed to have a detrimental effect on behaviour as well as on dental health. Children have regular access to water to refill their water bottles.

b. Jewellery

Watches and stud earrings are the only items of jewellery which may be worn at school and these must be removed during P.E. and swimming lessons. Teachers are not permitted to assist children with the removal of jewellery. If children cannot remove it themselves it should be taken out at home on the days the child does PE.

Reasons: Jewellery can seriously hurt a child if caught on apparatus or entangled in another child's clothing or hair. Even stud earrings have the potential to cause severe tears to the wearer's ears or injury to others.

c. PE Kit

Appropriate clothing must be worn for all PE activity.

Reasons: Slip on shoes or laced shoes even with small heels are not suitable for games lessons. They provide insufficient grip, may cause injury to others if kicked off and often lead to twisted ankles.

d. School Clothing

Uniform may be ordered via the school website or purchased from most supermarkets. Parents are asked to send their children to school tidy and appropriately dressed for the weather of the day. Only flat-heeled shoes should be worn.

Reasons: The overwhelming majority of parents, staff and children expressed their preference for a school uniform. School uniform reinforces school identity and eliminates 'brand' fashion and stigma. High heel shoes and boots are unsafe for the school environment.

e. Personal Property

The school cannot accept responsibility for the loss or damage to clothing or personal property. Toys, games, pencil cases and sports equipment must not be brought to school except on special occasions when the teacher gives permission. Any money brought into school should be handed in as soon as possible e.g. donations, photograph money, etc. Children who bring 30p per day for healthy tuck should keep this in their tray until break.

Reasons: Suitable toys, games and sports equipment are provided for the playground and indoor play. Unsuitable equipment may present a risk to children and present the potential for theft.

f. Mobile Phones

Mobile phones can only be brought to school in exceptional circumstances and only with the permission of the head teacher. Parents who insist that children require a mobile phone during school hours such as for the journey to and from school, must express these reasons in their request to the head teacher. Such requests will be considered on an individual basis.

If permission is granted mobile phones must be handed in to the school office upon arrival and collected at the end of the school day. They should never be left in trays or coats or used during school hours.

Reasons: During school hours contact is possible through the school's land lines. Mobile phones are regarded as hazardous to health. They present an unacceptable disturbance to lessons, potential for theft and cyber bullying.

School Procedures

Managing behaviour in the EYFS

- We all understand that in Early Years, behaviour is something that needs to be taught, discussed, expected, understood and modelled. It is a developmental process and children will progress at different rates and in different ways. This educational phase sees the development of sharing and turn taking and the development of self-regulation. All Early Years staff model, support and provide opportunities for children to practise social skills in a safe environment. We provide positive interest and concern for children and recognise and help the children to express, acknowledge and work through their feelings without judgement. We support choices and autonomy and provide support to enable children to do this.
- We recognise the consistency of language as crucial in supporting children's decisions and personal, social and emotional development. We use positive language such as, 'think about your choices', 'at school we use kind words', 'good listening'.
- We use positive behaviour strategies to support the children. These include regular and explicit praise for desirable behaviours and stickers given to children who demonstrate positive behaviour. As children learn to modify their behaviours in a way that is appropriate for a large group setting, they learn to accept the needs of others and tolerate delay when their own needs are not immediately met. We support and facilitate the children's ability to express their feelings and to help them understand the events that may have occurred. In times of distress, all adults remain positive and respectful and give attention and care directly to the children through warm, supportive interactions.
- Managing challenging behaviour is sometimes necessary. In all situations of conflict, a member of staff will thoroughly investigate to try to establish the original cause and support those involved to a resolution. In all cases where a child has been hurt, both sets of parents need to be informed. Serious incidents are reported to the EYFS leader and are recorded on CPOMS. If a child becomes highly emotional they can be asked to sit in an area of the classroom that is quieter to

"stop and think". Following a short reflection period, the child will be asked to participate in a discussion and cooperate to resolve the difficulty. Very occasionally, it may be necessary to remove a child from their classroom. At these times, children can be placed in another classroom or taken to a member of the SLT.

- We are always aware that children entering our setting need time to develop and build relationships with all adults. This can be particularly evident during the autumn term for Nursery and Reception, and then after Christmas and Easter for new starters to Nursery.

Across Key Stages 1 and 2 school follows a conduct procedure called 'Good to be Green'.

Each child has a green card, which is displayed in the classroom at all times. If a child contravenes the code of conduct and a teacher must speak to the child, they will be issued with a verbal warning. The child will move their name up to the verbal feedback space on the display.

For low level behaviour, children are given 1 verbal warning. If they do improve their behaviour the verbal warning can be changed back to a green card. If the behaviour has not improved in response to the verbal warning, a yellow card will be issued. The child will move their name up to the yellow space on the display and the child must move to a different place in the classroom to avoid any further distractions. If behaviour improves then the card can return to green. If further breaches of the code of conduct occur, a red card will be issued, whereupon the child will go and work in the classroom of a senior member of staff or sent to the Behaviour & Pastoral Lead. They will complete their set tasks, but will also complete reflective work relating to their behaviour during their playtime.

For more serious/ disruptive behaviour – as outlined on our Good To Be Green displays – staff may issue a yellow or red card immediately and follow the same actions as outlined above.

If a child receives repeated red/yellow cards their parents will be informed by the class teacher and asked to come into school for a meeting.

If, in exceptional circumstances, a child needs to be removed from class or refuses to follow the Good to Be Green procedures, a member of the senior management team or the Behaviour & Pastoral Lead should be called for by staff using walkie talkies.

If a child should run out of the school building for whatever reason, staff should not run after them. They may be placing a child in greater danger by doing so. The Head teacher / SLT should be informed immediately and lessons returned to normal as quickly as possible. In most cases the child will remain on site, stay within visual contact or quickly return. Once the child has calmed down, the Head or appropriate staff member will attempt to approach the child and calmly persuade him/her to return to school and discuss the situation.

If the child refuses to return or leaves the site, the police will be called and parents informed immediately.

Upon returning to school it must be made clear to the child that there is no justification for leaving the premises and alternative strategies explained, such as voluntary 'Time Out' or seeking the support of the school's pastoral lead. Whilst a resolution will be sought, the child will be made aware of the danger they are exposing themselves to.

Movement in and around School

All movement in and around school should be purposeful. Staff should see that all children are suitably supervised when moving around the school. Pupils will be encouraged to behave appropriately when moving around school, and where they fail to do so, they will be asked to return to their starting point and repeat the journey appropriately. Children will be praised for appropriate conduct. Children should be encouraged to follow the school lining up code of conduct, which is:

- Standing in single file
- Facing the direction of travel
- Walking quietly

Movement Around School - Suggested Procedures for Large Groups

- Children should be in a line, quiet and facing the front before the teacher addresses them.
- Ensure all children are attentive and have heard any instructions before setting off.
- Use set points to walk to and wait such as corners, doors.
- Walk to the left hand side of the corridor.
- Staff should consider their own position to allow maximum supervision of the group as they move around. Stand at corners etc to maximize supervision.
- On entering the classroom the children should stand behind their chairs quietly until asked to be seated.

Movement Around School - Suggested Procedures for Individual Children

- Choose appropriate individuals for messages - two children for EYFS/ KS1 and only one child for KS2.
- Make sure messengers know that they can enter any classroom.
- Encourage the use of good manners, e.g. knock on the door before entry, wait until a teacher is ready to respond, use of please and thank-you.
- Remind the messengers or those showing work of what is expected of them as they move around the school, ensure that they do know where they are going.

Playtime Supervision

Teachers and teaching assistants are required to perform supervisory duties including playtime supervision.

Staff on duty should be present at the playground doors by 8:30am for Nursery children, 8:45am for YR to Y6.

All staff should be fully aware of playtime procedures, rules, sanctions and rewards and apply them consistently.

When on duty, staff should circulate and take the opportunity to socialize with children whilst maintaining an overview of the play area and spotting potential problems before they escalate. At the end of break times, staff should go to the yard to collect their classes and supervise them as they move into and around the building.

When the first whistle is blown at the end of break time, the children should stop what they are doing and stand still. When the second whistle is blown the children should walk sensibly to join their class line on the playground. On the third whistle

children should stand in silence, facing the person in front, ready to be escorted into the school building via their designated entrance. Good behaviour whilst entering school should be reinforced with praise. In suitable weather conditions the field may be used. This is the decision of the staff on duty in discussion with SLT.

In poor weather, duty staff may decide that children should not go outside at break time. In these circumstances the class teacher or teaching assistant should remain in the classroom with the children and take turns to go for a comfort break. Duty staff should circulate to ensure all staff have managed a comfort break. Class teachers should ensure that wet break time activities are available.

Playground procedures

When dismissing children at playtime, lunchtime and home time, teachers should supervise their own children in cloakrooms and in the corridor. If children do not put on their coats at the beginning of playtime then they will have to do without for the whole of playtime as they will not be permitted to re-enter the building. Children are not allowed to remain in the building unless they are supervised by an adult.

Children may not bring balls or equipment from home for use at playtimes but may use those supplied by the school. Footballs should be lightweight, no larger than 75% full size and should only be used in the football area or the field in appropriate conditions. Footballs must be kept within the football area for the safety of other pupils. Any misuse of playground equipment will lead to confiscation.

Any incidents of inappropriate behaviour at playtime should be dealt with by the staff on duty, or reported to a senior member of staff according to severity or frequency. The Good to Be Green warning procedures should be followed. Staff must fill in the correct behaviour/incident log and inform Mrs Tyrrell-Scott if further intervention is required. If this is a red card it should be logged on CPOMS, also.

12 school staff are trained in basic first aid and 2 staff have full paediatric training. Any child needing medical attention at playtime/lunchtime will be dealt with by a first aider, and the injury and treatment will be recorded. First aid treatment will take place on the yard where possible.

Lunchtime Behaviour

Children will be escorted to the dining hall or playground by staff and handed over to the lunchtime supervisors or duty staff.

Lunchtime staff are responsible for ensuring the children follow rules and expectations at lunchtime. Lunchtime staff reward pupils with stickers and house points to promote and reward good behaviour and manners.

Rewards

Praise and reward are central to Shield Row Primary's Behaviour Policy. Children will achieve more, be better motivated and behave better, when staff commend and reward their successes rather than focus on their failure. Praise has a reinforcing and motivational role. Good behaviour is valued and celebrated. Praise can be delivered in formal and informal ways, publicly or privately; to individuals or groups; it can be earned for the steady maintenance of good standards as well as for particular achievements.

Rewards

General

- Encouraging comments should be written on pieces of work, and praise stickers can be added to books, as noted in our Marking Policy.
- Written School Reports should comment favourably on good work, behaviour, involvement in and general attitude to school life - see Assessment, Recording and Reporting Policy.
- Recognition will be given to success of differing kinds in assemblies, such as presentation of swimming and cycling proficiency awards etc.
- Children's work will be displayed in the classroom and around school.
- A visit to the Headteacher for commendations.
- Specific privileges can be awarded to individuals/groups of children.
- Opportunities for giving children greater responsibility in school will be fostered e.g. Buddies, Monitors, Play Leaders, Librarians, School Council.
- Praise and encouragement in and out of lessons should be used as much as possible.

Whole School Reward System:

See 'A Guide to our Behaviour Reward Schemes'

Certificates

A weekly 'Star of the Week' assembly is dedicated for the praise and recognition of children who have impressed their teachers in terms of achievement, attitude or effort.

Seesaw

We use Seesaw to share children's learning and successes with parents. Class teachers can also send messages to parents and vice versa.

Incidents

- Verbal warnings, yellow cards and red cards are recorded on class G2BG sheets along with details of the behaviour. These are monitored weekly by Mrs Tyrrell-Scott and analysed half termly.
- All serious behaviour incidents that are dealt with by SLT are recorded on CPOMS. Staff are to record where and when the incident happened, who was involved, what happened and the outcome of the incident.
- Child-on-child abuse – Procedures will be in line with our Child on Child Policy, Anti-Bullying Policy or Suspensions and Exclusions policy dependent on the nature and severity of the incident/s.
- If Team Teach intervention has been required, appropriate paperwork needs to be completed as soon as possible following the incident.
- Playtime/Lunchtime Behaviour Logs – Incidents which occur at break time or lunchtime to be recorded on the playtime G2BG log located in the first aid box.
- All staff are responsible for the welfare and safeguarding of pupils therefore incidents are thoroughly investigated and all incidents are reported to the Head teacher and Mrs Tyrrell- Scott.

- Any concerns regarding any pupil/incident will be discussed with the Head teacher or Senior Staff and if necessary will be shared at the monthly safeguarding meeting.

Online Behaviour Incidents

Many online behaviour incidents amongst young people occur outside the school day and off the school premises. Parents are responsible for this behaviour. However, often incidents that occur online will affect the school culture. School will sanction pupils when their behaviour online poses a threat or causes harm to another pupil, and/or could have repercussions for the orderly running of the school, when the pupil is identifiable as a member of the school or if the behaviour could adversely affect the reputation of the school.

Suspected Criminal Behaviour

In cases when a member of staff or the Headteacher suspects criminal behaviour, the school will make an initial assessment of whether an incident should be reported to the police only by gathering enough information to establish the facts of the case. These initial investigations will be fully documented, and school will make every effort to preserve any relevant evidence.

Once a decision is made to report the incident to police, school will ensure any further action taken does not interfere with any police action taken. However, school retains the discretion to continue investigations and enforce sanctions so long as it does not conflict with police action. When making a report to the police, it will often be appropriate to make in tandem a report to local children's social care. As set out in Keeping Children Safe In Education, it would be expected in most cases that the Designated Safeguarding Lead or deputy would take the lead.

Behaviour Outside of School Premises

School has the power to sanction pupils for misbehaviour outside of the school premises to such an extent as is reasonable. Conduct outside the school premises, including on-line conduct, that school might sanction pupils for, include misbehaviour:

- when taking part in any school-organised or school-related activity;
- when travelling to or from school;
- when wearing school uniform;
- when in some other way identifiable as a pupil at the school;
- that could have repercussions for the orderly running of the school;
- that poses a threat to another pupil; or
- that could adversely affect the reputation of the school.

Sanctions

In the use of sanctions, pupils learn from experience to expect fair and consistently applied consequences which differentiate between serious and minor offences. Sanctions are applied consistently by all staff, but with the provision for flexibility to take account of individual circumstances.

Sanctions which must be applied fairly and consistently have been devised:

- by the School Council and the Governing Body;
- not to be degrading or humiliating to any pupil

If physical intervention of any kind is required then a Team Teach record will be completed as well as the incident logged on CPOMS.

We have an agreed system of sanctions to register disapproval of unacceptable behaviour and an agreed approach to focus on expectations. Where staff see a non-desirable behaviour the initial verbal response should focus on the desired behaviour e.g. instead of 'stop shouting out' staff would say 'I would like you to use your quiet hand - that is a verbal warning' OR instead of 'stop kicking him' staff would say 'we keep our hands and feet to ourselves' - that is a red card.

Sanctions range from verbal warnings to permanent exclusion. All sanctions are intended to:

- Provide clarity and consistency of suitable responses.
- Minimise disruption to others especially teaching and learning time.
- Provide every opportunity for children to correct their own behaviour, make sensible choices and prevent further sanctions being applied.
- Allow early involvement of parents, line managers, SENCO and support agencies.
- Do everything reasonably possible to avoid exclusion from school.

When sanctions are applied, children should be helped to understand why what they have done is not acceptable. Staff will express their displeasure with the action and never the child.

In-School Sanctions Procedure - Stage 1

Good to be Green School Procedure

Children will be familiar with our Good to Be Green procedures and know what will happen next if they refuse the sanction or continue with the behaviour. Charts showing the sanctions procedures are displayed in all classrooms.

Professional judgement is required regarding which step best reflects the most suitable sanction given the behaviour displayed. Depending on the nature of the offence this may include immediate, permanent exclusion. However, as a general rule for minor misdemeanours, the following sequence should be adhered to, with steps 1 and 2 being compulsory.

If unacceptable behaviour occurs:

Step 1 - Verbal Warnings

Adults should make polite but firm requests, and where behaviour is clearly inappropriate a verbal warning should be given. Staff should state clearly that the child has been given a verbal warning, so that they understand their position. Verbal warnings should be recorded on the Good to be Green record log.

If the child improves their behaviour then the verbal warning can be changed back to green. This must be clearly marked/Highlighted on the Good to be Green log.

Step 2 - Yellow Card

Advise the child that they have had a verbal warning and that they now have a yellow card. The child should move to a designated space in the room to concentrate and reflect upon their conduct. If appropriate behaviour is resumed the child's card can go back to green. Staff to record this on their Good to be Green log and use their Good to be Green displays. If further unacceptable behaviour is displayed, then the child is given a red card.

Step 3 – Red Card

Child sent to work in the classroom of SLT. They must complete set curriculum tasks, as well as reflective tasks, without causing disturbance. They will complete a reflective task over lunchtime in Reflection.

For children who regularly break school rules:

- Record who, when, why.
- Discussion with Senior Staff and Behaviour & Pastoral Lead: consider Behaviour Intervention.
- Parents informed that behaviour is a cause for concern.
- Parents discuss concerns agree targets/support.
- Consider alternative strategies, inform other agencies.

Removal From The Classroom

Removal of a child from the classroom is used as a response to a red card. If this is due to constant low level disruption, the child will be accompanied by another pupil to either Mrs Henderson or Miss Shield's classroom. If this is due to a serious misbehaviour then a member of the SLT would be called for and the child would go to the Headteacher's office.

If the child is placed in a member of the SLT's classroom, the child will continue to complete their work and return to class at either the end of that lesson or after a 15 minute period of settled behaviour, whichever is sooner. The child will be sent back to their classroom by the member of SLT. If the child does not manage to settle, then SLT will call for Miss Cooke and/ or Mrs Tyrrell- Scott and the child will be removed to either the HT office or Nurture.

Once the child returns to class they are reset to green. The class teacher will support the child to re-integrate into the lesson should this be part-way through.

Removal should be used for the following reasons:

- to maintain the safety of all pupils and to restore stability following an unreasonably high level of disruption
- to enable disruptive pupils to be taken to a place where education can be continued in a managed environment
- to allow the pupil to regain calm in a safe space.

The Use of Reasonable Force

There are circumstances when it is appropriate for staff in school to use reasonable force to safeguard children. The term 'reasonable force' covers the broad range of actions used by staff that involve a degree of physical contact to control or restrain children. 'Reasonable' in these circumstances means 'using no more force than is needed'.

Members of staff have the power to use reasonable force to prevent pupils

committing an offence, injuring themselves or others, or damaging property and to maintain good order and discipline at the school or among pupils.

Headteachers and authorised school staff may also use such force as is reasonable given the circumstances when conducting a search for banned items, i.e. knives or weapons, alcohol, illegal drugs, stolen items, tobacco, lighters, fireworks, pornographic images or articles that they reasonably suspect have been or are likely to be used to commit an offence or cause harm.

Further Behaviour Intervention – Stage 2

Report Book - overseen by the Headteacher / Behaviour & Pastoral Lead/ Class teachers

Any pupil who displays regular inappropriate behaviour can be placed on a Report Book. If a pupil is placed on a Report Book, parents/carers will be informed and invited to school to discuss the issues and causes for concern in order to find a positive way forward.

Each member of staff who teaches that child must write a comment in the Report Book at the end of each session, to state how they have behaved/worked and whether their targets have been met that lesson.

The Reflection Diary or Report Book will include:

- Clear/realistic targets for behaviour agreed with the child maximum of three.
- Clear rewards/consequences identified for success/failure.

The pupil will be on Stage 2 for a minimum of 2 weeks and a maximum of 10 weeks. The Report Book will be reviewed daily and the child must show their Report Book to a senior member of staff or Behaviour & Pastoral Lead at the beginning of morning and lunchtime breaks and at the end of the school day. At the end of the day it will be discussed with the child whether they think they have reached their identified targets that day.

- It is the responsibility of the class teacher to let parents/carers know how their child's behaviour has been at the end of each school day – this can be face to face, via telephone or Seesaw as agreed with parent. The Report Book will be kept on the school premises.

Possible outcomes from the report process:

- Support/ Intervention from the Behaviour & Pastoral Lead
- Risk Assessment
- Early Help
- Consider TAF
- Referrals to other agencies to be made such as: Crisis Response, E.P or CAMHS
- Consider Statement of Special Needs.

Suspensions/ Exclusions

All pupils are entitled to an education where they are protected from disruption and can learn in a calm, safe and supportive environment. The Headteacher can use suspension and permanent exclusion in response to serious incidents or in response to persistent poor behaviour which has not improved following in-school sanctions and interventions. The

headteacher will use their own professional judgement based on individual circumstances when considering whether to suspend or permanently exclude a pupil.

The circumstances that may warrant a suspension or permanent exclusion to occur can be found within the section 'Reasons and recording exclusions' within the 'Suspension and Permanent Exclusion from maintained schools, academies and pupil referral units in England including pupil movement guidance'.

A pupil may be suspended for one or more fixed periods up to a maximum of 45 school days in a single academic year, or permanently excluded. A suspension may be used to provide a clear signal of what is unacceptable behaviour as part of the school's behaviour policy and show a pupil that their current behaviour is putting them at risk of permanent exclusion. School will ensure, where a child is suspended, that work is set and marked during the first five school days of a suspension. A suspension can also be for parts of the school day. For example, if a pupil's behaviour at lunchtime is disruptive, they may be suspended from the school premises for the duration of the lunchtime period. Lunchtime suspensions are counted as half a school day.

For a suspension of more than five school days, the governing board will arrange suitable full-time education for any pupil of compulsory school age. This provision is commonly called alternative provision and will begin no later than the sixth school day of the suspension.

If a child is suspended or permanently excluded, the headteacher will notify parents without delay. If the child has a social worker, they too will be notified by the Headteacher. The Local Governing Board and the Local Authority will be informed of any suspensions or permanent exclusions.

Suspension up to 45 days per year - overseen by the Headteacher

- Parents, Chair of Governors, Executive HT, LA Officer informed by letter.
- Work will be provided for the pupil to complete during the suspension
- Parents may make representations to Governing Board.
- Governing Board may meet but cannot reinstate.
- Reintegration meeting held with pupil and parents before child is re-instated
- Upon return to school, child stays on Report for a minimum of 2 weeks.

Permanent Exclusion - overseen by the Pupil Discipline Committee

- Parents, Governing Board, Executive Headteacher, LA Officer informed.
- Governing Board meet and consider all representations and reports parents/child attend.
- Discipline Committee either reinstate or uphold exclusion.
- Parents notified of right to appeal.
- If appeal successful, or reinstated child stays on Report for the maximum 20 weeks.
- If appeal unsuccessful, remove child from school roll.

Serious incidents need to be treated on an individual basis and the circumstances investigated.

In exceptional circumstances permanent exclusion may be considered for a first or 'one off' offence. These may include:

- Serious actual or threatened violence against another pupil or a member of staff;
- Sexual abuse or assault;
- Supplying an illegal drug;

- Carrying an offensive weapon;
- Serious deliberate damage to school property.

Children Identified with Social, Emotional and Behavioural Difficulties

The school acknowledges that a small minority of children may struggle to make the correct choices and use strategies available to them in order to control their own behaviour. For these children neither the normal rewards or sanctions procedures may be sufficient to support them or protect other children from their actions. In these exceptional circumstances the school will make every effort to avoid exclusion. It is vitally important that parents are informed and involved when behaviour targets are agreed in order to establish possible causes and form a partnership of support.

If any significant alterations to the school's behaviour management procedures are needed for any individual child, these alterations will be included within either their SEND Support Plan or Risk Assessment - pupil dependent. Regular communication between home and school as well as daily feedback to the child regarding progress is essential. This can be achieved through the use of:

- Behaviour Report Book
- Home/School Book

See school's Pathway to Social Emotional and Behaviour Intervention.

Pupil Support

A number of pupil support systems are in place and are proving effective in promoting good behaviour. Children who require additional support may access sessions with our Behaviour & Pastoral Lead.

Celebration of Good Behaviour

Good behaviour is celebrated at the weekly achievements assembly. But regular praise and encouragement is part of the school ethos.

Outside Agencies

We can access support for pupils who demonstrate persistent poor behaviour from the:

- Educational psychologist;
- School health nurse
- One Point
- Emotional Wellbeing and Effective Learning Team - EWEL
- Nurture Hub provision

Raising Awareness of this Policy

We will raise awareness of this policy via:

- the School Brochure
- the school website
- the Staff Handbook
- meetings with parents such as introductory, transition, parent-teacher consultations and periodic curriculum workshops

- school events
- meetings with school personnel
- reports such as annual report to parents and Headteacher reports to the Governing Body

Training

We ensure all school personnel have equal chances of training, career development and promotion.

Periodic training will be organised for all school personnel so that they are kept up to date with new information and guide lines concerning equal opportunities.

Equality Impact Assessment

Under the Equality Act 2010 we have a duty not to discriminate against people on the basis of their age, disability, gender, gender identity, pregnancy or maternity, race, religion or belief and sexual orientation.

This policy has been equality impact assessed and we believe that it is in line with the Equality Act 2010 as it is fair, it does not prioritise or disadvantage any pupil and it helps to promote equality at this school.

Monitoring the Effectiveness of the Policy

Half termly behaviour data analysis will be shared with staff and governors. Any issues arising will be addressed and any changes needed to the policy in light of these will be made in agreement with the link governor.

The practical application of this policy will be reviewed annually or when the need arises by the coordinator, the Headteacher and the nominated governor.

Linked Policies

▪ Safeguarding & Child Protection	▪ Health & Safety	▪ E-Safety
▪ Anti-Bullying	▪ Pupil Exclusion	• Equality Policy Statement

Headteacher:	J. Cooke	Date:	September 2025
Link Governor	Full LGB		